UNIT-I : 
Sources of the Indian Constitution  
Preamble of the Indian Constitution  
Nature of the Indian Constitution  
Salient Features of the Indian Constitution  
Rule of Law  
Separation of Power  
Citizenship

UNIT – II : Fundamental Rights 
Definition of State for enforcement of fundamental rights- Article 12  
Justiciability of fundamental rights  
Article 13- Doctrine of eclipse, severability, waiver, distinction between Pre-constitutional law and post-constitutional law  
Article 14- Right to equality: Doctrine of reasonable classification and Principle of absence of arbitrariness  
Article 15- Prohibition of discrimination on grounds of religion, race, caste, sex or place of birth  
Article 16- Equality of opportunity in matters of public employment

UNIT –III : Fundamental Rights  
Article 17- Abolition of untouchability, Article 18- Abolition of titles  
Article 19(1)(a) to Article 19(1)(g)- Right to Freedoms  
Article 20- Protection in respect of conviction for offences  
Article 21- Protection of life and personal liberty,  
Article 21-A – Right to Education.

UNIT – IV : Fundamental Rights  
Article 22- Protection against arrest and detention in certain cases  
Articles 23 & 24- Right against exploitation  
Article 25 to Article 28- Right to freedom of religion  
Articles 29 & 30- Cultural and Educational rights  
Article 32 to Article 35 – Right to Constitutional Remedies  
Public Interest Litigation

Suggested Readings :  
a. Constitution of India  
   D.D. Basu  
b. Constitution of India  
   H.M. Seervai  
c. Constitution of India  
   M.P. Jain
Law of Contract (Contract-I)

Unit- I
Formation of Contract
Meaning and nature of contract
Offer/Proposal: Definition, Communication, Revocation, General/Specific offer, Invitation of treat
Acceptance: Definition, Communication, Revocation, Provisional acceptance, Tenders/Auctions

Unit -II
Consideration and Capacity
Consideration: Definition, Essentials, Privity of Contract, Exception Section 2(d) 25
Capacity to enter into a contract; Minor’s Position, Nature/effect of minor’s agreements.

Unit-III
Validity, Discharge and Performance of Contract
Free Consent
Coercion, Undue influence, Misrepresentation, Fraud, Mistake
Unlawful consideration and object
Effect of void, voidable, valid, illegal, unlawful and uncertain agreement/contracts, Contingent Contract
Discharge of Contracts
Performance
Time and Place of performance
Agreement
Impossibility of performance and frustration
Breach: Anticipatory & Present

Unit-IV
Quasi Contracts and Remedies
Law Relating to certain Relations resembling those created by contract with special emphasis on doctrine of unjust enrichment (Quasi Contract, Section 68-72),
Remedies available under Indian Contract Act, 1872: Compensation: Meaning and nature, Damages, Kinds, Remoteness etc., Injunction, Specific Performance, Quantum Merit

Suggested Readings:

Indian Contract Act, 1872 (Bare Act)
Law of Contract - Anson
Indian Contract Act - Pollock and Mulla
Law of Contract - Avtar Singh
Samvidha Vidhi (Hindi) - S. K. Kapoor
Law of Contract- Kailash Rai

LL.B. Semester – I Paper : III M. M: 100
Code: SOL/LL.B./C-03 Theory: 70
Credit-4 Sessional: 30

Law of Crimes-I (Indian Penal Code)

Unit I:
a. Definition and Nature of Crime
b. Common Intention and Common Object
c. Joint and Constructive Liability
d. Preliminary Offences – Abetment, Attempt, Criminal Conspiracy
e. Offence of Public Nuisance

Unit II:
General Exceptions
(i) Mistake (ii) Accident (iii) Necessity (iv) Infancy (v) Unsoundness of Mind
(vi) Intoxication (vii) Right of Private Defence

Unit III:
Offences Against Human Body
(i) Culpable Homicide (ii) Murder (iii) Hurt and Grievous Hurt (iv) Wrongful Restraint and Wrongful Confinement (v) Criminal Force and Assault (vi) Kidnapping and Abduction (vii) Rape (viii) Unnatural Offence

Unit IV:
a. Offences Against Property
(i) Theft (ii) Extortion (iii) Robbery and Dacoity (iv) Criminal Misappropriation
of Property & Criminal Breach of Trust (v) Cheating (vi) Mischief (vii) Criminal Trespass

b. Offences Against Marriage
   (i) Bigamy (ii) Adultery

c. Offences Against State and Public Tranquility
   (i) Unlawful Assembly (ii) Sedition (iii) Rioting (iv) Affray

d. Defamation

Suggested Readings:-
- The Indian Penal Code, 1860 (Bare Act)
- Criminal Law - P.S.A. Pillai
- Principles of Criminal Law - Jeroma Hall
- Criminal Law - R.C. Nigam
- Indian Penal Code - Ratan Lal & Dhiraj Lal
- Criminal law, Cases and Materials - K.D. Gaur
- The Indian Penal Code - M.P. Tandon

LL.B. Semester – I  Paper : IV  M. M: 100
Code: SOL/LL.B./C-04  Theory: 70
Credit-4  Sessional: 30

Law of Torts, M.V. Act and Consumer Protection Laws

UNIT – I : General Principles of Tort

a. Tort: Definition, Nature and Distinction from Crime, Contract and quasi contract
b. Constituents of Tort : Wrongful Act, Injuria sine damnum, Damnum sine injuria, Ubi jus ibi remedium
c. General Principle of Tortious Liability: Two Competing Theories- pigeon –hole theory,
d. Justification in Tort- Volenti non fit injuria, Act of God, Inevitable Accident , Necessity,
   Plaintiff’s Default ,Private Defence
e. Mental Elements in Tort- Motive, Intention, Malice, Malfeasance, Misfeasance and Non-
   feasance, Fault
UNIT – II : Specific Torts( Torts against Person, Property, Freedom & Reputation) & MV Act

a. Trespass to Person: Assault, Battery, False Imprisonment, Malicious Prosecution
b. Trespass to Land, Nuisance
c. Torts related to Reputation: Defamation
d. Negligence, Contributory Negligence, Res ipsa loquitur
e. Salient Feature’s of MV Act with special reference to Compulsory Insurance
e. Third party liability of owner under the Motor vehicle Act

UNIT – III : Principles of Liability in Torts and Legal Remedies

a. Vicarious Liability
b. Strict Liability and Absolute Liability
c. Kinds of Damages, Remoteness of Damages, Novus Actus Interveniens, Nervous Shock
d. General Remedies in Tort- Judicial and Extra legal Remedies
e. Joint Tort Feasors

UNIT – IV : Concept of Consumer and Consumer Protection Act

a. Definition of Consumer and Object of Consumer Protection Act
b. Rights and duties of Consumers
c. Unfair Trade Practices, Defects in Goods
d. Services: Types of Services , Deficiency-meaning
e. Consumer Protection Councils
f. Consumer Disputes Redressal Agencies: District Forum, State Commission, National Commission

Suggested Readings :

Consumer Protection Act, 1986
Law of Torts- Salmond & Heuston
Tort- Winfield & Jolowiz
The Law of Torts- Ratan Lal & Dhiraj Lal
Law of Torts - R.K. Bangia
Law of Tort - P S A pillai

LL.B. Semester – I
Code: SOL/LL.B./C-05
Credit-4

Paper : V
M. M: 100
Theory: 70
Sessional: 30

UNIT – I : Introduction
a. Need and Importance of Legal Language
b. One word Substitution
c. Homonyms, antonyms, Synonyms
d. Some Common Errors in English

UNIT – II : Proficiency in General English
a. Parts and Types of Sentences
b. Parts of Speech-A Brief Introduction
c. Tenses-Forms and Uses
d. Active and Passive Voice
e. Direct and Indirect (or Reported) Speech

UNIT – III : Legal Terminology
Meaning and use of the following shall be explained:
b. Actus non facit reum mens sit rea, Bonafides non paitur ut bisidemexigatur Damnum sine injuria esse potest, Extra territorium jus dicenti impune Nonparentur, Actus non facit reum nisi mens sit rea, Audi alteram partem, Commodum ex injuria sua memo habere debet, Delegatus non potest Delegare, Pacta sunt servanda, Res ipsa loqitor, Ubi jus ibi remedium, Executio juris non habet injurium, Nemo dat quod non habet, Quid pro quo

UNIT – IV : Factor Pricing
a. Essay Writing in English on Topic of Legal Interest
b. Letter Writing in English

Suggested Readings :
1. English Grammar - Wren & Martin
2. Legal Language and Legal Writing - P.K. Mishra
3. Legal Language, Writing and General English - J.S. Singh
4. A Solution of Legal Maxims - Herbert Brown
5. Legal Language, Legal Writing and General English- G.S. Sharma
6. Legal Glossary - Ministry of Law Justice and Company Affairs government of India